2.—Construction, Maintenance and General Expenditure on Rural Roads, Bridges and Ferries, by Province, Years Ended Mar. 31, 1956-60—concluded

Item and Province or Territory	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
Administration and General* Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon and N.W.T.	960,176 498,305 3,524,851 21,135,457 965,426 1,506,549 786,560	40,775,633 429,140 62,089 961,299 567,377 3,353,079 28,657,745 1,080,353 1,644,620 490,493 2,865,362 496,076	19,910,434 120,369 91,212 1,248,849 937,314 2,627,142 5,866,078 1,330,759 2,467,587 1,246,725 3,161,716 582,683	24,176,849 781,277 72,080 1,774,992 1,134,982 3,429,533 7,347,486 1,649,152 2,732,186 905,963 3,692,097 415,001	40,955,396 629,851 65,285 1,980,051 1,193,613 3,711,572 21,849,315 ³ 1,964,122 2,729,526 1,138,560 5,005,731 483,770
Totals	513,852,270	653,567,0784	714,726,805	772,748,991	829,117,828
Distribution of All Expenditure— Federal Provincial. Municipal. Other	36,644,143 435,583,891 40,213,328 1,410,908	59,887,876 525,204,516 48,948,407 19,526,279	89,731,880 581,187,652 51,278,877 1,528,396	98,199,342 616,512,226 55,372,603 2,664,820	106,085,451 657,600,188 63,546,824 1,885,365

¹ Includes payments from railways and contributions from the Railway Grade Crossing Fund toward elimination of grade crossings, etc., amounting to \$1,116,876 in 1955-56 and \$2,700,155 in 1956-57. 2 Includes federal administrative costs re Trans-Canada Highway amounting to \$462,600 in 1955-56, \$168,000 in 1956-57, \$235,000 in 1957-58, \$242,100 in 1958-59 and \$204,000 in 1959-60. 3 Includes \$8,974,818 for property purchases. 4 Includes expenditures of \$1,767,698 by municipalities in Manitoba for which no breakdown is available. 5 Includes expenditures of \$2,573,262 by municipalities in Manitoba, of \$14,932,793 by municipalities in Saskatchewan and of \$1,514,533 by the British Columbia Department of Highways for which no breakdown is available. 6 Includes expenditures of \$3,091,156 by municipalities in Manitoba for which no breakdown is available.

The Trans-Canada Highway.—The original federal-provincial agreement for construction of the Trans-Canada Highway is given in outline, together with other data on specifications and proposed route across the participating provinces, in the 1951 Year Book, pp. 631-634. Under the Act, which became effective Dec. 10, 1949, agreements covering the Federal Government's participation in the cost of construction were entered into with each of the provinces (except Quebec). The Act set the standards to be meta hard-surfaced, two-lane highway, 22 to 24 feet wide with ample shoulder widths, bridge clearances and sight distances, low gradients and curvature, a maximum load capacity of nine tons for one axle, and the elimination, wherever possible, of railway grade crossings. The shortest practicable east-west route was to be designated by each province within its own borders, in agreement on terminal points with adjoining provinces. Those sections within the National Parks were to be the responsibility of the Federal Government. Federal contribution was to be 50 p.c. of the cost of new construction and up to 50 p.c. of the cost of construction of sections of highway built prior to the passing of the Act, where those sections were properly incorporated in the Trans-Canada Highway. Total Federal Government contribution under this Act was limited to \$150,000,000.

An amendment to the Act in 1956 increased the extent of federal financial participation by providing for an additional 40 p.c. contribution on one-tenth of the highway milage in each province. The construction period was extended to Dec. 31, 1960 and the aggregate limit of federal funds available for the purpose was increased to \$250,000,000. A second amendment passed in March 1959 added \$100,000,000 to the federal contribution and a